if you are threatened with a suit, either verbally or by letter, communicate at once-within twentyfour hours—with the Secretary of the State Society. so that the matter can be taken up immediately by our attorney; this will, in very many cases, be the end of the matter. If you are threatened by letter, send the letter to the secretary together with a full account of the case, name, date, diagnosis, treatment, names of witnesses, nurses, consultants, etc. If you are served with a summons in a suit, this document, or an exact copy of it, must be sent within twenty-four hours, to the Secretary of the State Society, who will at once place the case in the hands of our attorney; all details must be sent at the same time, so that the attorney may be in possession of all the facts in the case. You will then be sent a blank to fill out and sign. This will authorize the Society to defend the action, through its attorney, and you will agree not to compromise or settle the suit without the consent of the Society, through its attorney. No judgments will be paid by the Society, but all costs of defending the suit will be paid by the Society. You will agree not to obligate the Society in any manner to the payment of any sums whatever. In other words, you turn the defense over to the Society, which will pay all the costs of action, and agree not to meddle. Is not that sufficiently simple—and safe?

All this medical defense work and the funds to pay for it will be in the hands of a special committee of the Council. They will stand back of the attorney, and of course back of them is the whole Council and the State Society.

Each county medical society will be asked to appoint, as soon as may be, a committee of three on medical defense. It will be the duty of this committee, when a member of the Society is sued or threatened with suit, to investigate the case and make a full report of the exact facts. These suits are dependent upon matters of fact and not matters of law, and so it is essential that all the facts be in our possession at the earliest possible moment. When a local attorney is required to attend to an action in some distant county, he will be chosen in some satisfactory way to be determined; probably by the joint action of the defendant, the county society or its committee, and the attorney for the State Society. The main idea, however, is to get quick action; to let people know that we are not to be bluffed or blackmailed; to protect ourselves and our members from unjust and iniquitous attacks, and to do it as quickly and as thoroughly as possible. Now a word as to what not to do. Do not wait till a suit is actually filed against you, if you have reason to believe that it is coming; let the Secretary know about it at once, so that the attorney can take it up and perhaps prevent a suit. If a suit is filed, do not think about it for a few days and then write; write at once and send the papers and the facts to the Secretary. Do not employ a lawyer until the Secretary has been communicated with, unless you wish to defend the case yourself and not have the Society do it.

Judging from the number of copies that have been sent to the JOURNAL office, every physician

SIMPLIFIED OSTEOPATHY.

in the state must have received the very remarkable circular letter sent out by the "Union College of Osteopathy," apparently

located at Wheeling, W. Va. The offer contained in the circular is supposed to be very flattering; you are to be taught osteopathy by mail at the modest cost of \$60.00 for the course, including the beautiful diploma. It is a special course for physicians who are urged not to lose all their patients to osteopathic practitioners, but to take this taughtby-mail bunch of canned information and thus become the real thing. It is unfortunate that this should come up at the present time, when the osteopathic standards are being raised in this state and when a fairly good number of applicants to practice osteopathy are passing our state board examinations and thus showing that they are really qualified; it will only tend to excite antagonism that was on the decline. It is exactly the sort of thing that certain medical diploma mills were doing a decade or two ago: turning out unlimited numbers of degrees, if the money was forthcoming. It was the examining board that put the medical diploma mill out of business; it will be the examining board that will put the osteopathic diploma mill out of business. That these institutions will exist until the various states require all applicants to practice any sort of healing art to pass the same examination, goes without saying. The independent examing board in every sort of cult merely permits these abuses. The one board law and the same examination for all, puts an immediate stop to this particular game of fraud.

The subject of reciprocity between the states in the matter of license to practice medicine, is discussed most sanely by Dr. Jno.

RECIPROCITY. C. King, of Banning, in a recent issue of the Southern California Practitioner. Dr. King is cer-

tainly entitled to be heard upon this question, as he served for some years on the State Board of Medical Examiners and made a most careful study of the law and its operation. At the time that Dr. King was a member of the board, and its president, there was a clause in the law permitting the board to reciprocate; but the board never put the clause into operation. He most clearly points out that as medical education advances, the cry for reciprocity becomes more faint and its operation is regarded with less favor. Twenty-four states are united in barring reciprocity, either actually or practically, and several others have such intricate machinery as to make it nearly a dead letter. "In many states the law, wisely I think, discriminates against the old practitioner.' Dr. King's point is that physicians who do not keep up their reading and their study should be prevented from treating the sick. He cites the well-known procedure of the government in dealing with its Army and Navy surgeons; at each stage of their official life they are subjected to examination; it is